Name \_\_\_\_\_

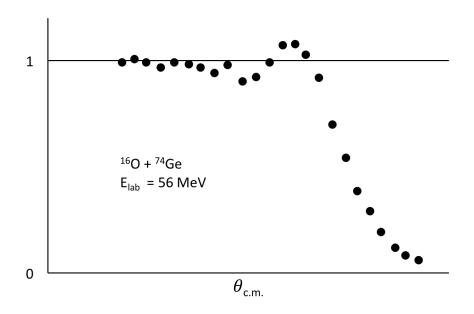
## **Exam Advanced Nuclear Physics**

16/01/2017 9:00

## **Question: Nuclear Reactions**

These questions will be evaluated on 20 points. You require a minimum of 7/20 points on this part to pass the course. The points will be rescaled to a weight of 6 towards your final grade for the course. You are not allowed any book or notes. You may use a calculator and the given list of formulas for this part of the examination. Please use the attached sheets for your answer; any additional sheet will be discarded.

Consider the data in the figure, which refer to the elastic scattering of  $^{16}$ O on  $^{74}$ Ge at an incident energy  $E_{lab} = 56 \,\text{MeV}$  (data from M. Lozano and G. Madurga, Nucl. Phys. A 334 (1980) 349). [O: Z = 8; Ge: Z = 32; for the interaction radius use  $R = 1.6 \,\text{fm} \times (A_1^{1/3} + A_2^{1/3})$ .]



- (1/20) Add the label to the y axis.
- (5/20) Which model describes the behaviour of the data? Explain and justify quantitatively why it applies in this case.
- (5/20) Use the model that you discussed previously to add the expected values of  $\theta_{\text{c.m.}}$  on the x axis.
- (5/20) Use the sharp cut-off model to calculate the *reaction* cross section integrated on all angles (pay attention to the units).
- (4/20) If the beam intensity was  $I=10^{10}$  particles per second and the target thickness was  $\rho \Delta x = 50 \,\mu \text{g/cm}^2$ , how many elastic scattering events would you measure in a minute, in a detector covering a solid angle  $d\Omega = 0.01$  sr placed at the critical angle. [For the calculation use:  $e^2 = 1.44 \,\text{MeV}$  fm.]